

Polymorphic and Metaphoric Threats and Your Cyber Future

RSA FirstWatch Advanced Threat Research and Intelligence

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Agenda

- About Us
- The rise of polymorphism and metamorphism
- Their role in sophisticated / advanced attacks
- What can be done if you encounter these threats
- Questions and Answers





RSA FirstWatch

Advanced Threat Research & Intelligence



- Established in April 2012
- Mission:
- To provide RSA NetWitness customers covert tactical and strategic threat intelligence on advanced threats & actors
- Elite, highly trained threat research & intelligence team
 - Recent Works

VOHO Advanced Persistent Threat Campaign

Kneber Zeus



The Rise of Polymorphism and Metamorphism

Polymorphism

- Code that uses a polymorphic engine to mutate while keeping the algorithm intact
- Code cannot rewrite itself
- Obfuscates the encryption/decryption engine to avoid identification of the malware using this element of the malware encryption process
- Common methods:
 - Encryption
 - Appending data or Pre-pending data
- First known example of malicious code of this type:
 - 1260 written in 1990
- Virut is a well known example but it's old ... we're here to talk about new stuff!



The Rise of Polymorphism and Metamorphism

Metamorphism

- Code that can mutate itself without sacrificing functionality
- Differs greatly from polymorphism
 - Polymorphs are similar in memory while metamorphs are not
 - Polymorphs still uses traditional malware encryption elements while metamorphs do not
- Used by many malicious code samples during the infection of new files with the next generation looking nothing like the previous one
- Common methods:
 - Adding varying lengths of NOP instructions
 - Permuting use registers
 - Adding useless instructions and loops within the code segments Metamorphic segments
 - Replacing lines of codes with different instructions but with similar result (e.g. MOV AX, 0 and XOR AX, AX)
- Examples:
 - Zmist or Zombie. Mistfall 2001
 - Simile written in 2002





The Rise of Polymorphism and Metamorphism

Their role in advanced / sophisticated attacks

- The truth is in the modern threat landscape...
- You don't see too many examples of advanced / sophisticated attacks using polymorphism or metamorphism
- Were we to see a rise of these in modern attacks it would surely represent challenges and headaches for the industry such as in the heyday of the virus' earliest days
- There are some examples that are *similar* to polymorphic code but they don't fit the definition entirely:
 - Zeus
 - SpyEye
 - Silon
 - Tilon





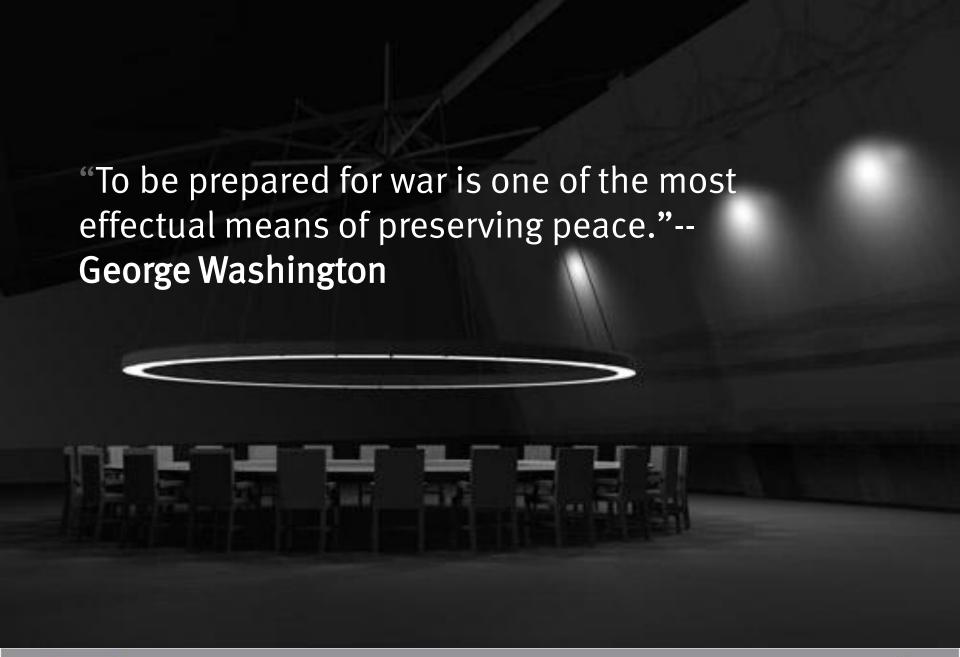


What can be done to mitigate these threats

- Knowing what you are contending with is key
- Identification of code type is essential to defense, mitigation and remediation
 - Comprehensive establishment of IOCs
 - Execution of IOCs in lab environments for remediation
- Polymorphic code, when decrypted, is essentially the same in all cases as a result memory based signature detection is possible
- Metamorphic code, are totally different on disk and in memory making traditional signature based detection uselsss









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THANK YOU

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